

# **ABAT Competency Standards**

#### **Domains**

## A. Autism Core Knowledge

- 1. ASD and common characteristics and deficits
- 2. Autism as a spectrum disorder with a triad of primary impairments
- 3. 'Red flags' used in early diagnosis
- 4. Risk factors to autism spectrum disorders
- 5. Terminology associated with diagnosis, such as pragmatic language, receptive and expressive language, sensory-motor, social skills, joint attention, stereotypy
- 6. How and when disorders are commonly associated in differential diagnosis, such as learning disabilities, processing disorders, etc.
- 7. Identify co-morbid disorders associated with ASD

# B. Legal, Ethical, and Professional Considerations

- Scope and role of practice for the ABAT
- 2. QABA code of ethics, policies and procedures
- 3. Limitations of confidentiality
- 4. HIPAA
- 5. Advocacy and collaborative approach to intervention
- 6. Identify the following acronyms: IEP, IDEA

### C. Core Principles of ABA

- 1. Basic assumptions in behaviorism and behavior modification
- 2. Classical and operant conditioning, conditioned and unconditioned reinforcement and punishment
- 3. Three-part contingency; antecedents, behaviors, consequences
- 4. Foundational behavioral terminology including, extinction, extinction burst, spontaneous recovery, deprivation, satiation, stimulus, discriminative stimulus, stimulus control, responses, motivation operations, establishing operations, setting events
- 5. Principles and types of schedules of reinforcement and punishment
- 6. Contingent and non-contingent; primary and secondary reinforcement and punishment
- 7. Terms and definitions of Applied Verbal Behavior (AVB)

#### **D. Antecedent Interventions**

- 1. Define and identify positive behavior support systems
- 2. Premack principle, behavioral momentum, priming, forced choice
- 3. Identify common environment and visual supports and benefits of each such as, functional communication training, PECS, TEACCH, social stories, video modeling, visual schedules



# **E. Skill Acquisition Programming**

- 1. Elements of effective goals and objectives
- 2. Task analysis
- 3. Types of prompts
- 4. Prompt dependence and fading
- 5. Demands and demand fading
- 6. Pairing
- 7. Modeling
- 8. Imitation
- 9. Verbal operants
- 10. Mimetic behavior
- 11. Motor behavior
- 12. Errorless learning
- 13. Error correction procedures
- 14. Stimulus control and transfer
- 15. Transfer trials
- 16. Discrete trial teaching (DTT)
- 17. Discrimination training
- 18. Shaping
- 19. Backward and forward chaining
- 20. Natural environment teaching (NET)
- 21. Generalization and maintenance
- 22. Pivotal behavior
- 23. Pivotal response training (PRT)

#### F. Behavior Reduction Interventions

- 1. Behavior Intervention Plan (BIP)
- 2. Name 4 functions of behavior and define FBA
- 3. Contingency interventions, such as token economy, positive practice, over-correction, response cost, time out
- 4. Differential reinforcement procedures: DRO, DRA, DRI, DRL, DRH

## G. Data Collection and Analysis

- 1. Reliability and validity
- 2. Operational definitions
- 3. Types of assessments: preference, self-monitoring, ABC, environmental evaluation
- 4. Types of measurement, such as frequency/event recording, duration, time sampling, interval, partial interval, and latency
- 5. Continuous and discontinuous; direct and indirect data recording



- 6. Basic graphs; line, scatterplot, bar
- 7. Define and identify the benefits of IOA